

Chem M3LC. R. Corn

Diprotic Weak Acid Ampholyte

Constants: K_1 , K_2 , K_w , C_{tot}

Six species: $[H_2A]$, $[HA^-]$, $[A^{2-}]$, $[H^+]$, $[OH^-]$, $[Na^+]$

$$K_1 = [H^+][HA^-]/[H_2A] \quad \text{acid dissociation 1}$$

$$K_2 = [H^+][A^{2-}]/[HA^-] \quad \text{acid dissociation 2}$$

$$K_w = [H^+][OH^-] \quad \text{water dissociation}$$

$$[Na^+] + [H^+] = [HA^-] + 2[A^{2-}] + [OH^-] \quad \text{charge balance}$$

$$C_{tot} = [H_2A] + [HA^-] + [A^{2-}] \quad \text{mass balance 1}$$

$$C_{tot} = [Na^+] \quad \text{mass balance 2}$$

Full equations for $[H^+]$

$$C_{tot} = [H_2A] + [HA^-] + [A^{2-}] \quad \text{mass balance 1}$$

$$C_{tot} = [Na^+] \quad \text{mass balance 2}$$

$$[Na^+] + [H^+] = [HA^-] + 2[A^{2-}] + [OH^-] \quad \text{charge balance}$$

$$[H^+] = [A^{2-}] - [H_2A] + [OH^-]$$

$$[H^+] = K_2[HA^-]/[H^+] - [H^+][HA^-]/K_1 + K_w/[H^+]$$

$$[H^+]^2 = (K_2[HA^-] + K_w)/(1 + [HA^-]/K_1)$$

$$[H^+] = \sqrt{(K_2[HA^-] + K_w)/(1 + [HA^-]/K_1)}$$

Ampholyte Disproportionation:



$$K_d = [\text{H}_2\text{A}][\text{A}^{2-}]/[\text{HA}^-]^2 = ([\text{H}_2\text{A}]/[\text{HA}^-][\text{H}^+])([\text{H}^+][\text{A}^{2-}]/[\text{HA}^-]) = K_2/K_1 \ll 1$$

$$[\text{H}_2\text{A}] = [\text{A}^{2-}] = [\text{HA}^-]\sqrt{K_d}$$

$$[\text{H}^+] = K_1[\text{H}_2\text{A}]/[\text{HA}^-] = K_1\sqrt{K_d} = \sqrt{K_1K_2}$$

$$\text{pH} = (\text{p}K_1 + \text{p}K_2)/2$$